CHAPTER 9 ROOF ASSEMBLIES

SECTION R901 GENERAL

R901.1 Scope. The provisions of this chapter shall govern the design, materials, construction and quality of roof assemblies.

Exception: Buildings and structures located within the High-Velocity Hurricane Zone shall comply with the provisions of Chapter 44.

SECTION R902 ROOF CLASSIFICATION

R902.1 Roofing covering materials. Roofs shall be covered with materials as set forth in Sections R904 and R905. Class A, B or C roofing shall be installed in areas designated by law as requiring their use or when the edge of the roof is less than 3 feet (914 mm) from a property line. Classes A, B and C roofing required by this section to be listed shall be tested in accordance with UL 790 or ASTM E 108.

Exception: Brick, masonry, slate, clay or concrete roof tile; ferrous and copper shingles and shakes; and exposed concrete roof deck are considered to meet Class A roof covering provisions without testing. Metal sheets and shingles are considered to meet Class B roof covering provisions without testing.

R902.2 Fire-retardant-treated shingles and shakes. Fire-retardant-treated wood shakes and shingles shall be treated by impregnation with chemicals by the full-cell vacuum-pressure process, in accordance with AWPA C1. Each bundle shall be marked to identify the manufactured unit and the manufacturer, and shall also be *labeled* to identify the classification of the material in accordance with the testing required in Section R902.1, the treating company and the quality control agency.

SECTION R903 WEATHER PROTECTION

R903.1 General. Roof decks shall be covered with *approved* roof coverings secured to the building or structure in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Roof assemblies shall be designed and installed in accordance with this code and the *approved* manufacturer's installation instructions such that the roof assembly shall serve to protect the building or structure.

R903.2 Flashing. Flashings shall be installed in a manner that prevents moisture from entering the wall and roof through joints in copings, through moisture permeable materials and at intersections with parapet walls and other penetrations through the roof plane.

R903.2.1 Locations. Flashings shall be installed at wall and roof intersections, wherever there is a change in roof slope or direction and around roof openings. Where flashing is of

metal, the metal shall be corrosion resistant with a thickness of not less than provided in Table R903.2.1.

Exception: Flashing is not required at hip and ridge junctions.

TABLE R903.2.1

METAL FLASHING MATERIAL			
MATERIAL	GAGE MINIMUM THICKNESS (INCHES)	GAGE	WEIGHT (Ibs per sq ft)
Copper	0.024		1 (16 oz)
Aluminum	0.024		
Stainless steel		28	
Galvanized steel	0.0179	26 (zinc coated G90)	26 (zinc coated G90)
Aluminum zinc coated steel	0.0179	26 (AZ50 alum zinc)	26 (AZ50 alum zinc)
Zinc alloy	0.027		
Lead			2.5 (40 oz)
Painted terne			1.25 (20 oz)

R903.2.2 Crickets and saddles. A cricket or saddle shall be installed on the ridge side of any chimney or penetration more than 30 inches (762 mm) wide. Cricket or saddle coverings shall be sheet metal or of the same material as the roof covering.

R903.2.3 Membrane flashings. All membrane flashing shall be installed according to the roof assembly manufacturer's published literature.

R903.3 Coping. Parapet walls shall be properly coped with noncombustible, weatherproof materials of a width no less than the cross section of the parapet wall. Metal coping shall comply with ANSI/SPRI/ ES-1 or RAS 111.

R903.4 Roof drainage. Unless roofs are sloped to drain over roof edges, roof drains shall be installed at each low point of the roof. Where required for roof drainage, scuppers shall be placed level with the roof surface in a wall or parapet. The scupper shall be located as determined by the roof slope and contributing roof area.

R903.4.1 Overflow drains and scuppers. When other means of drainage of overflow water is not provided, overflow scuppers shall be placed in walls or parapets not less than 2 inches (51 mm) nor more than 4 inches (102 mm) above the finished roof covering and shall be located as close as practical to required vertical leaders or downspouts or wall and parapet scuppers. An overflow scupper shall be sized in accordance with the *Florida Building Code, Plumbing*.

R903.4.2 One and two family dwellings, and private garages. When gutters and leaders are placed on the outside of buildings, the gutters and leaders shall be constructed of metal or approved plastic for outdoor exposure with lapped, soldered or caulked joints and shall be securely fastened to the building with a corrosion resistant fastening device of similar or compatible material to the gutters and downspouts.

R903.5 Hail exposure. Reserved.

Figure R903.5 Hail Exposure Map. Reserved.

SECTION R904 MATERIALS

R904.1 Scope. The requirements set forth in this section shall apply to the application of roof covering materials specified herein. Roof assemblies shall be applied in accordance with this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions. Installation of roof assemblies shall comply with the applicable provisions of Section R905.

R904.2 Compatibility of materials. Roof assemblies shall be of materials that are compatible with each other and with the building or structure to which the materials are applied.

R904.3 Material specifications and physical characteristics. Roof covering materials shall conform to the applicable standards listed in this chapter. In the absence of applicable standards or where materials are of questionable suitability, testing by an *approved* testing agency shall be required by the *building official* to determine the character, quality and limitations of application of the materials.

R904.4 Fasteners.

R904.4.1 Nails. Nails shall be corrosion resistant nails conforming to ASTM F 1667. The corrosion resistance shall meet ASTM A 641, Class I or an equal corrosion resistance by coating, electro galvanization, mechanical galvanization, hot dipped galvanization, stainless steel, nonferrous metal and alloys or other suitable corrosion-resistant material.

R904.4.2 Screws. Wood screws shall conform to ANSI/ASME B 18.6.1. Screws shall be corrosion resistant by coating, galvanization, stainless steel, nonferrous metal or other suitable corrosion resistant material. The corrosion resistance shall be demonstrated through one of the following methods:

- 1. Corrosion resistance equivalent to ASTM A 641, Class 1;
- 2. Corrosion resistance in accordance with TAS 114, Appendix E;
- 3. Corrosion resistant coating exhibiting not more than 5 percent red rust after 1000 hours exposure in accordance with ASTM B 117.

R904.4.3 Clips. Clips shall be corrosion resistant clips. The corrosion resistance shall meet 0.90 ounce per square foot (0.458 kg/m²) measured according ASTM A 90/A

90M, TAS 114 Appendix E or an equal corrosion resistance coating, electro galvanization, mechanical galvanization, hot dipped galvanization, stainless steel, nonferrous metals and alloys or other suitable corrosion resistant material. Stainless steel clips shall conform to ASTM A167, Type 304.

R904.5 Product identification. Roof covering materials shall be delivered in packages bearing the manufacturer's identifying marks and approved testing agency labels when required. Bulk shipments of materials shall be accompanied by the same information issued in the form of a certificate or on a bill of lading by the manufacturer.

SECTION R905 REQUIREMENTS FOR ROOF COVERINGS

R905.1 Roof covering application. Roof coverings shall be applied in accordance with the applicable provisions of this section and the manufacturer's installation instructions. Unless otherwise specified in this section, roof coverings shall be installed to resist the component and cladding loads specified in Table R301.2(2), adjusted for height and exposure in accordance with Table R301.2(3).

R905.2 Asphalt shingles. The installation of asphalt shingles shall comply with the provisions of this section.

R905.2.1 Sheathing requirements. Asphalt shingles shall be fastened to solidly sheathed decks.

R905.2.2 Slope. Asphalt shingles shall only be used on roof slopes of two units vertical in 12 units horizontal (2:12) or greater. For roof slopes from two units vertical in 12 units horizontal (2:12) up to four units vertical in 12 units horizontal (4:12), two layers of underlayment complying with ASTM D 226, Type I or Type II, ASTM D 4869, Type I or Type II or ASTM D 6757 is required in accordance with Section R905.2.7.

R905.2.3 Underlayment. Unless otherwise noted, required underlayment shall conform with ASTM D 226 Type I or Type II, ASTM D 4869, Type I or Type II, or ASTM D 6757.

Self-adhering polymer modified bitumen sheet shall comply with ASTM D 1970.

R905.2.4 Asphalt shingles. Asphalt shingles shall comply with ASTM D 225 or D 3462.

R905.2.4.1 Wind resistance of asphalt shingles. Asphalt shingles shall be installed in accordance with Section R905.2.6. and R905.2.6.1.

Table R905.2.4.1(1). Reserved.

Table R905.2.4.1(2). Reserved.

R905.2.5 Fasteners. Fasteners for asphalt shingles shall be galvanized steel, stainless steel, aluminum or copper roofing nails, minimum 12 gage [0.105 inch (3 mm)] shank with a minimum $3/_8$ -inch (10 mm) diameter head, ASTM F 1667, of a length to penetrate through the roofing materials and a minimum of $3/_4$ inch (19 mm) into the roof sheathing. Where the roof sheathing is less than $3/_4$ inch (19 mm) thick, the fasteners

shall penetrate through the sheathing. Fasteners shall comply with ASTM F 1667.

Exception: If the architectural appearance is to be preserved from below, an alternate method of attachment complying with the wind load requirements of Chapter 16 of the *Florida Building Code, Building* may be proposed unless otherwise addressed in Chapter 9. The alternative attachment shall be prepared, signed and sealed by a Florida-registered architect or a Florida-registered engineer, which architect or engineer shall be proficient in structural design.

R905.2.5.1 The nail component of plastic cap nails shall meet ASTM A 641, Class I or an equal corrosion resistance by coating, electro galvanization, mechanical galvanization, hot dipped galvanization, stainless steel, nonferrous metal and alloys or other suitable corrosion-resistant material.

R905.2.6 Attachment. Asphalt shingles shall have the minimum number of fasteners required by the manufacturer, but not less than four fasteners per strip shingle or two fasteners per individual shingle. Where the roof slope exceeds 21 units vertical in 12 units horizontal (21:12, 175 percent slope), shingles shall be installed as required by the manufacturer.

R905.2.6.1 Wind Resistance of Asphalt Shingles. Asphalt Shingles shall be classified in accordance with ASTM D 3161, TAS 107 or ASTM D 7158 to resist the basic wind speed per Figure R301.2(4). Shingles classified as ASTM D 3161 Class D or classified as ASTM D 7158 Class G are acceptable for use in the 100-mph wind zone. Shingles classified as ASTM D 3161 Class F, TAS107 or ASTM D 7158 Class H are acceptable for use in all wind zones. Asphalt shingle wrappers shall indicate compliance with one of the required classifications as shown in Table R905.2.6.1.

TABLE R905.2.6.1

WIND RESISTANCE OF ASPHALT SHINGLES				
с	lassification of Asp	halt Shingles		
Maximum Basic Wind Speed, V _{ult} , From Figure R301.2(4)	ASTM D 3161			
110	85	D, G or H	A, D or F	
116	90	D, G or H	A, D or F	
129	100	G or H	A, D or F	
142	110	G or H	F	
155	120	G or H	F	
168	130	Н	F	
181	140	Н	F	
194	150	Н	F	

R905.2.7 Underlayment application. For roof slopes from two units vertical in 12 units horizontal (17-percent slope), up to four units vertical in 12 units horizontal (33-percent slope), two layers of underlayment complying with ASTM D 226 Type I or Type II, ASTM D 4869 Type I or Type II, or ASTM D 6757 shall be applied in the following manner:

2. Starting at the eave, apply 36-inch-wide (914 mm) sheets of underlayment overlapping successive sheets 19 inches (483 mm). Distortions in the

eaves.

shingles to seal.

- 3. End laps shall be offset by 6 feet (1829 mm).
- 4. Corrosion resistant fasteners are to be applied along the overlap at a maximum spacing of 36 inches (914 mm) on center.

1. Apply a minimum 19-inch-wide (483 mm) strip of

underlayment felt parallel with and starting at the

underlayment shall not interfere with the ability of the

For roof slopes of four units vertical in 12 units horizontal (33-percent slope) or greater, one layer of underlayment complying with ASTM D 226 Type I or Type II, ASTM D 4869 Type I or Type II, or ASTM D 6757 shall be applied in the following manner:

- 1. Underlayment shall be applied shingle fashion, parallel to and starting from the eave and lapped 2 inches (51 mm).
- 2. End laps shall be offset by 6 feet (1829 mm).
- 3. Corrosion resistant fasteners are to be applied along the overlap at a maximum spacing of 36 inches (914 mm) on center.

R905.2.7.1 Ice protection. Reserved.

R905.2.7.2 Underlayment and high wind. Reserved.

R905.2.8 Flashing. Flashing for asphalt shingles shall comply with this section.

R905.2.8.1 Base and counter flashing. Base and counter flashing shall be installed as follows:

- 1. In accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions, or
- 2. A continuous metal minimum 4 inch by 4 inch "L" flashing shall be set in approved flashing cement and set flush to base of wall and over the underlayment. Both horizontal and vertical metal flanges shall be fastened 6 inches (152 mm) on center with approved fasteners. All laps shall be a minimum of 4 inches (102 mm) fully sealed in approved flashing cement. Flashing shall start at the lower portion of roof to ensure water-shedding capabilities of all metal laps. The entire edge of the horizontal flange shall be sealed covering all nail penetrations with approved flashing cement and membrane. Shingles shall overlap the horizontal flange and shall be set in approved flashing cement.

Base flashing shall be of either corrosion-resistant metal provided in Section R905.2.8.1 or mineral surface roll roofing weighing a minimum of 77 pounds per 100 square feet (3.76 kg/m²). Counter flashing shall be corrosion-resistant metal with a minimum thickness provided in Table R903.2.1.

R905.2.8.2 Valleys. Valley linings shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instruc-

tions before applying shingles. Valley linings of the following types shall be permitted:

- 1. For open valleys lined with metal, the valley lining shall be at least 16 inches (406 mm) wide and of any of the corrosion-resistant metals in Table R903.21.
- 2. For open valleys, valley lining of two plies of mineral surface roll roofing, complying with ASTM D 3909 or ASTM D 6380 Class M, shall be permitted. The bottom layer shall be 18 inches (457 mm) and the top layer a minimum of 36 inches (914 mm) wide.
- 3. For closed valleys, valley lining of one ply of smooth roll roofing complying with ASTM D 6380 Class S and at least 36 inches (914 mm) wide or valley lining as described in Item 1 or 2 above shall be permitted. Self-adhering polymer modified bitumen underlayment complying with ASTM D 1970 shall be permitted in lieu of the lining material.

Table R905.2.8.2 Valley Lining Material.Reserved.

R905.2.8.3 Sidewall flashing. Flashing against a vertical sidewall shall be by the step-flashing method or continuous "L" flashing method.

R905.2.8.4 Other flashing. Reserved.

R905.2.8.5 Drip edge. Provide drip edge at eaves and gables of shingle roofs. Overlap to be a minimum of 3 inches (76 mm). Eave drip edges shall extend $\frac{1}{2}$ inch (13 mm) below sheathing and extend back on the roof a minimum of 2 inches (51 mm). Drip edge at eaves shall be permitted to be installed either over or under the underlayment. If installed over the underlayment, there shall be a minimum 4 inch (51 mm) width of roof cement installed over the drip edge flange. Drip edge shall be mechanically fastened a maximum of 12 inches (305 mm) on center. Where the V_{asd} as determined in accordance with Section R301.2.1.3 is 110 mph (177 km/h) or greater or the mean roof height exceeds 33 feet (10 058 mm), drip edges shall be mechanically fastened a maximum of 4 inches (102 mm) on center.

R905.3 Clay and concrete tile. The installation of clay and concrete shall be in accordance with recommendations of FRSA/TRI 07320 where the V_{asd} is determined in accordance with Section R301.2.1.3 or the recommendations of RAS 118, 119 or 120.

R905.3.1 Deck requirements. Concrete and clay tile shall be installed only over solid sheathing, except where the roof covering is specifically designed and tested in accordance with Chapter 16, *Florida Building Code, Building* to be applied over spaced structural sheathing boards.

R905.3.2 Deck slope. Clay and concrete roof tile shall be installed on roof slopes in accordance with the recommendations of FRSA/TRI 07320 where the V_{asd} is determined in accordance with Section R301.2.1.3 or the recommendations of RAS 118, 119 or 120.

R905.3.3 Underlayment. Required underlayment shall conform with ASTM D 226, Type II; ASTM D 2626, Type II; ASTM D 1970 or ASTM D 6380, Class M and shall be installed in accordance with FRSA/TRI 07320 where the V_{asd} is determined in accordance with Section R301.2.1.3 or the recommendations of RAS 118, 119 or 120.

R905.3.3.1 Slope and underlayment requirements. Refer to FRSA/TRI 07320 where the V_{asd} is determined in accordance with Section R301.2.1.3 or RAS 118, 119 or 120 for underlayment and slope requirements for specific roof tile systems.

R905.3.3.2 High slope roofs. Reserved.

R905.3.3.3 Underlayment and high wind. Reserved.

R905.3.4 Clay tile. Clay roof tile shall comply with ASTM C 1167.

R905.3.5 Concrete tile. Concrete roof tile shall comply with ASTM C 1492.

R905.3.6 Fasteners. Nails shall be corrosion-resistant and not less than 11 gage, $\frac{5}{16}$ -inch (7.95 mm) head, and of sufficient length to penetrate the deck a minimum of $\frac{3}{4}$ inch (19.1 mm) or through the thickness of the deck, whichever is less, or in accordance with the FRSA/TRI 07320 where the V_{asd} is determined in accordance with Section R301.2.1.3 or in accordance with the recommendations of RAS 118, 119 or 120. Attaching wire for clay or concrete tile shall not be smaller than 0.083 inch (2.1 mm).

R905.3.7 Application. Tile shall be applied in accordance with this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions, or recommendations of the FRSA/TRI 07320 based on the following:

Attachment. Clay and concrete roof tiles shall be fastened in accordance with FRSA/TRI 07320 where the V_{asd} is determined in accordance with Section R301.2.1.3.

Table R905.3.7 Clay and Concrete Tile Attachment.Reserved.

R905.3.7.1 Hip and ridge tiles. Hip and ridge tiles shall be installed in accordance with FRSA/TRI 07320 where the V_{asd} is determined in accordance with Section R301.2.1.3.

R905.3.8 Flashing. At the juncture of roof vertical surfaces, flashing and counter flashing shall be provided in accordance with this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions or recommendations of the FRSA/TRI 07320 where the V_{asd} is determined in accordance with Section R301.2.1.3 or the recommendations of RAS 118, 119 or 120.

R905.4 Metal roof shingles. The installation of metal roof shingles shall comply with the provisions of this section.

R905.4.1 Deck requirements. Metal roof shingles shall be applied to a solid or closely fitted deck, except where the roof covering is specifically designed to be applied to spaced sheathing.

R905.4.2 Deck slope. Metal roof shingles shall not be installed on roof slopes below three units vertical in 12 units horizontal (25-percent slope).

R905.4.3 Underlayment. Underlayment shall comply with ASTM D 226 Type I or Type II, ASTM D 1970 or ASTM D 4869.

R905.4.3.1 Ice barrier. Reserved.

R905.4.4 Material standards. Metal roof shingle roof coverings shall comply with Table R905.4.4. The materials used for metal roof shingle roof coverings shall be naturally corrosion resistant or provided with corrosion resistance in accordance with the standards and minimum thicknesses specified in the standards listed in Table R905.4.4.

R905.4.5 Application. Metal roof shingles shall be installed in accordance with the approved manufacturer's installation instructions. The product approval shall state the allowable uplift resistance for the attachment system. The installation of metal roof shingles shall be limited to roofs where the allowable uplift resistance is equal to or greater than the design uplift pressure for the roof listed in Table R301.2(2).

R905.4.6 Flashing. Roof valley flashing shall be of corrosion-resistant metal of the same material as the roof covering or shall comply with the standards in Table R905.4.4. The valley flashing shall extend at least 8 inches (203 mm) from the center line each way and shall have a splash diverter rib not less than $3/_4$ inch (19.1 mm) high at the flow line formed as part of the flashing. Sections of flashing shall have an end lap of not less than 4 inches (102 mm). The metal valley flashing shall have a 36-inch-wide (914 mm)

underlayment directly under it consisting of one layer of underlayment running the full length of the valley, in addition to underlayment required for metal roof shingles.

R905.5 Mineral-surfaced roll roofing. The installation of mineral-surfaced roll roofing shall comply with this section.

R905.5.1 Deck requirements. Mineral-surfaced roll roofing shall be fastened to solidly sheathed roofs.

R905.5.2 Deck slope. Mineral-surfaced roll roofing shall not be applied on roof slopes below one unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (8-percent slope).

R905.5.3 Underlayment. Underlayment shall conform with ASTM D 226 Type I or Type II, ASTM D 1970 or ASTM D 4869.

R905.5.3.1 Ice barrier. Reserved.

R905.5.4 Material standards. Mineral-surfaced roll roofing shall conform to ASTM D 3909 or ASTM D 6380 Class M or Class WS.

R905.5.5 Application. Mineral-surfaced roll roofing shall be installed in accordance with this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions.

R905.6 Slate and slate-type shingles. The installation of slate and slate-type shingles shall comply with the provisions of this section.

R905.6.1 Deck requirements. Slate shingles shall be fastened to solidly sheathed roofs.

R905.6.2 Deck slope. Slate shingles shall be used only on slopes of four units vertical in 12 units horizontal (33-percent slope) or greater.

		METAL ROOF COVERINGS
ROOF COVERING TYPE	STANDARD	STANDARD APPLICATION RATE/THICKNESS
Aluminum	ASTM B 209	0.024-inch minimum thickness for roll-formed panels and 0.019-inch minimum thickness for press-formed shingles
Aluminum-zinc coated steel	ASTM A 792	0.013-inch minimum thickness, AZ 50 (coated minimum application rate)
Cold-rolled copper	ASTM B 370	Minimum 16 oz./sq. ft. and 12 oz./sq. ft. high yield copper for metal-sheet roof covering systems: 12 oz./sq. ft. for preformed metal shingle systems
Copper	ASTM B 370	16 oz./sq. ft. for metal-sheet roof-covering systems; 12 oz./sq. ft. for preformed metal shingle systems.
Galvanized steel	ASTM A 653	0.013-inch minimum thickness, G-90 zinc-coated ^a
Hard lead		2 lbs./sq. ft.
Lead-coated copper	ASTM B 101	
Prepainted steel	ASTM A 755	0.0142 inch minimum thickness
Soft lead		3 lbs./sq. ft.
Stainless steel	ASTM A 240	300 Series alloys
Steel	ASTM A 924/ ASTM A 924M	
Terne and terne-coated stainless		Terne coating of 40 lbs. per double base box, field painted where applicable in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions
Zinc		0.027 inch minimum thickness; 99.995% electrolytic high grade zinc with alloy additives of copper (0.08% - 0.20%), titanium (0.07% - 0.12%) and aluminum (0.015%)

TABLE 905.4.4

For SI: 1 ounce per square foot = 0.0026 kg/m^2 , 1 pound per square foot = 4.882 kg/m^2 , 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 pound = 0.454 kg. a. For Group U buildings, the minimum coating thickness for ASTM A 653 galvanized steel roofing shall be G. **R905.6.3 Underlayment.** Underlayment shall comply with ASTM D 226, Type I, or ASTM D 4869, Type I or II. Underlayment shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

R905.6.3.1 Ice barrier. Reserved.

R905.6.4 Material standards. Slate shingles shall comply with ASTM C 406.

R905.6.5 Application. Minimum headlap for slate shingles shall be in accordance with Table R905.6.5. Slate shingles shall be secured to the roof with two fasteners per slate. Slate shingles shall be installed in accordance with this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions.

TABLE R905.6.5
SLATE SHINGLE HEADLAP

SLOPE	HEADLAP (inches)
$4:12 \le \text{slope} < 8:12$	4
$8:12 \le \text{slope} < 20:12$	3
Slope ≥ 20:12	2

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

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R905.6.6 Flashing. Flashing and counter flashing shall be made with sheet metal. Valley flashing shall be a minimum of 16 inches (406 mm) wide. Valley and flashing metal shall be a minimum thickness as provided in Table R903.2.1 for nonferrous metal or stainless steel.

R905.6.7 Slate and slate-type shingles shall be installed in accordance with this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions. The product approval shall state the allowable uplift resistance for the attachment system. The installation of slate and slate-type shingles shall be limited to roofs where the allowable uplift resistance is equal to or

greater than the design uplift pressure for the roof listed in Table R301.2(2).

R905.7 Wood shingles. The installation of wood shingles shall comply with the provisions of this section.

R905.7.1 Deck requirements. Wood shingles shall be installed on solid or spaced sheathing. Where spaced sheathing is used, sheathing boards shall not be less than 1-inch by 4-inch (25.4 mm by 102 mm) nominal dimensions and shall be spaced on centers equal to the weather exposure to coincide with the placement of fasteners.

R905.7.1.1 Solid sheathing required. Reserved.

R905.7.2 Deck slope. Wood shingles shall be installed on slopes of three units vertical in 12 units horizontal (25-percent slope) or greater.

R905.7.3 Underlayment. Underlayment shall comply with ASTM D 226, Type I or ASTM D 4869, Type I or II.

R905.7.3.1 Ice barrier. Reserved.

R905.7.4 Material standards. Wood shingles shall be of naturally durable wood and comply with the requirements of Table R905.7.4.

TABLE R905.7.4 WOOD SHINGLE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

MATERIAL	MINIMUM GRADES	APPLICABLE GRADING RULES
Wood shingles of naturally durable wood	1, 2 or 3	Cedar Shake and Shingle Bureau

R905.7.5 Attachment. Attachment in accordance with Table R905.7.5 shall be used for roofs with a mean roof height of 40 feet or less and in regions with a V_{asd} as deter-

WOOD SHINGLE AND SHAKE INSTALLATION			
ROOF ITEM	WOOD SHINGLES	WOOD SHAKES	
1. Deck Requirements	Shingles shall be applied to roofs with solid or spaced sheathing. Where spaced sheathing is used, sheathing boards shall not be 4 less than 1" × 4" nominal dimensions and shall be spaced on center equal to the weather exposure to coincide with the placement of fasteners.	Shakes shall be applied to roofs with solid or spaced sheathing. Where spaced sheathing is used, sheathing boards shall not be less than $1" \times 4"$ nominal dimensions and shall be spaced on center equal to the weather exposure to coincide with the placement of fasteners. When $1" \times 4"$ spaced sheathing is installed at 10 inches, boards must be installed between the sheathing boards.	
2. Interlayment	No requirements.	Interlayment shall comply with ASTM D 226, Type 1.	
3. Underlayment	Underlayment shall comply with ASTM D 226, Type 1.	No requirements.	
4. Application			
Attachment	Fasteners for wood shingles shall be corrosion resistant with a minimum penetration of ${}^{3}\!/_{4}$ inch into the sheathing. For sheathing less than ${}^{1}\!/_{2}$ inch thick, the fasteners shall extend through the sheathing a minimum of ${}^{3}\!/_{8}$ inch.	Fasteners for wood shakes shall be corrosion resistant with a minimum penetration of ${}^{3}/_{4}$ inch into the sheathing. For sheathing less than ${}^{1}/_{2}$ inch thick, the fasteners shall extend through the sheathing a minimum of ${}^{3}/_{8}$ inch.	
No. of fasteners	Wood shingles shall be attached to the roof with two fasteners per shingle, positioned no more than ${}^{3}\!/_{4}$ inch (19.1 mm) from each edge and no more than 1 ${}^{1}\!/_{2}$ inch (38.1 mm) above the exposure line.	Wood shakes shall be attached to the roof with two fasteners per shake, positioned no more than 1 inch (25.4 mm) from each edge and no more than $1 \frac{1}{2}$ inches (38.1 mm) above the exposure line.	

TABLE R905.7.5 WOOD SHINGLE AND SHAKE INSTALLATION

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm

mined in accordance with Section R301.2.1.3 to be 100 mph or less.

R905.7.6 Attachment for V_{asd} as determined in accordance with Section R301.2.1.3 greater than 100 mph. Wood shingles installed in accordance with Table R905.7.5 and the requirements of R905.7.6 have an allowable uplift resistance of 45 psf. The installation of wood shingles shall be limited to roofs where the allowable uplift resistance is equal to or greater than the design uplift pressure for the roof listed in Table R301.2(2).

R905.7.6.1 Fasteners.

R905.7.6.1.1 Nails. Nails to attach the wood shakes shall be 3d stainless-steel ring-shank nails. The nails shall have sufficient length to penetrate through the wood shakes and shall penetrate through the sheathing.

R905.7.6.1.2 Screws. Screws to attach the battens to the framing shall be No. 8 by $2^{1}/_{2}$ inches (64 mm) long corrosion resistant wood screws. Wood screws shall be corrosion resistant screws conforming to ANSI/ASME B 18.6.1. The corrosion resistance shall meet ASTM A 641, Class 1 or an equal corrosion resistance by coating, electro galvanization, mechanical galvanization, stainless steel, nonferrous metal or other suitable corrosion resistant material.

R905.7.6.1.3 Wood battens. 1×4 wood battens shall be attached to the wood joists with 2 screws per joist. The first batten shall be located 6 inches (152 mm) from the outer edge of the wood joist. Second batten shall be spaced $1^{-1}/_4$ inches (32 mm) from the first batten. The remaining battens shall be spaced a maximum 2 inches (51 mm) apart, except the last one which shall be spaced no greater than $3/_4$ inches (19 mm) from the previous batten.

R905.7.6.1.4 Shingles. Shingles shall be attached to the battens with 2 nails for each shingle placed $1 \frac{1}{2}$ inch (38 mm) above the exposure line. The nails shall be $\frac{3}{4}$ to 1 inch (19 to 25 mm) from the shingle edges.

R905.7.7 Application. Wood shingles shall be installed according to this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions. Weather exposure for wood shingles shall not exceed those set in Table R905.7.7.

TABLE R905.7.7 WOOD SHINGLE WEATHER EXPOSURE AND ROOF SLOPE				
			EXPOSURE (inches)	
ROOFING MATERIAL	LENGTH (inches)	GRADE	3:12 pitch to < 4:12	4:12 pitch or steeper
		No. 1	3 ³ / ₄	5
	16	No. 2	31/2	4
Shingles of naturally durable wood		No. 3	3	3 ¹ / ₂
		No. 1	4 ¹ / ₄	5 ¹ / ₂
	18	No. 2	4	4 ¹ / ₂
		No. 3	31/2	4
		No. 1	5 ³ / ₄	7 ¹ / ₂
	24	No. 2	5 ¹ / ₂	6 ¹ / ₂
		No. 3	5	5 ¹ / ₂

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

R905.7.8 Flashing. At the juncture of the roof and vertical surfaces, flashing and counter flashing shall be provided in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions, and where of metal, shall not be less than 0.017-inch (0.48 mm) (No. 26 galvanized sheet gage) corrosion-resistant metal.

R905.7.8.1 Valley flashing. Roof flashing shall be not less than No. 26 gage [0.017 inches (0.48 mm)] corrosion-resistant sheet metal and shall extend 10 inches (254 mm) from the centerline each way for roofs having slopes less than 12 units vertical in 12 units horizontal (100-percent slope), and 7 inches (178 mm) from the centerline each way for slopes of 12 units vertical in 12 units horizontal and greater. Sections of flashing shall have an end lap of not less than 4 inches (102 mm).

R905.7.8.1.1 Label required. Each bundle of shingles shall be identified by a label of an approved grading or inspection bureau or agency.

R905.8 Wood shakes. The installation of wood shakes shall comply with the provisions of this section.

R905.8.1 Deck requirements. Wood shakes shall be used only on solid or spaced sheathing. Where spaced sheathing is used, sheathing boards shall not be less than 1-inch by 4-inch (25 mm by 102 mm) nominal dimensions and shall be spaced on centers equal to the weather exposure to coincide with the placement of fasteners. Where 1-inch by 4-inch (25 mm by

102 mm) spaced sheathing is installed at 10 inches (254 mm) on center, additional 1-inch by 4-inch (25 mm by 102 mm) boards shall be installed between the sheathing boards.

R905.8.1.1 Solid sheathing required. Reserved.

R905.8.2 Deck slope. Wood shakes shall only be used on slopes of four (4) units vertical in twelve (12) units horizontal (33-percent slope) or greater.

R905.8.3 Underlayment. Reserved.

R905.8.3.1 Ice barrier. Reserved.

R905.8.4 Attachment. Attachment in accordance with Table R905.7.5 shall be used for roofs with a mean roof height of 40 feet or less and in regions with a V_{asd} , as determined in accordance with Section R301.2.1.3, of 100 mph or less.

R905.8.5 Material standards. Wood shakes shall comply with the requirements of Table R905.8.5.

MATERIAL	MINIMUM GRADES	APPLICABLE GRADING RULES
Wood shakes of naturally durable wood	1	Cedar Shake and Shingle Bureau
Taper sawn shakes of naturally durable wood	1 or 2	Cedar Shake and Shingle Bureau
Preservative-treated shakes and shingles of naturally durable wood	1	Cedar Shake and Shingle Bureau
Fire-retardant-treated shakes and shingles of naturally durable wood	1	Cedar Shake and Shingle Bureau
Preservative-treated taper sawn shakes of Southern pine treated in accordance with AWPA Standard U1 (Commodity Specification A, Use Category 3B and Section 5.6)	1 or 2	Forest Products Laboratory of the Texas Forest Services

TABLE R905.8.5 WOOD SHAKE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

R905.8.6 Application. Reserved.

R905.8.7 Attachment for V_{asd} as determined in accordance with Section R301.2.1.3 greater than 100 mph. Wood shakes installed in accordance with Table R905.7.5 and the requirements of R905.8.7 have an allowable uplift resistance of 90 psf. The installation of wood shakes shall be limited to roofs where the allowable uplift resistance is equal to or greater than the design uplift pressure for the roof listed in Table R301.2(2).

R905.8.7.1 Fasteners.

R905.8.7.1.1 Nails. Nails to attach the wood shakes shall be 6d stainless-steel ring-shank nails. The nails shall have sufficient length to penetrate through the wood shakes and shall penetrate through the sheathing.

R905.8.7.1.2 Screws. Screws to attach the battens to the framing shall be No. 8 by $2^{1/2}$ inches long corrosion resistant wood screws. Wood screws shall be corrosion resistant screws conforming to ANSI/ASME B 18.6.1. The corrosion resistance shall meet ASTM A 641, Class 1 or an equal corrosion resistance by coating, electro galvanization, mechani-

cal galvanization, stainless steel, nonferrous metal or other suitable corrosion resistant material.

R905.8.7.1.3 Wood battens. 1×6 wood battens shall be attached to the wood joists with 2 screws per joist. The first batten shall be located 6 inches from the outer edge of the wood joist. The second batten shall be spaced $1-1/_4$ inches from the first batten. The remaining battens shall be spaced a maximum 2 inches apart, except the last one, which shall be spaced no greater than $3/_4$ inches from the previous batten.

R905.8.7.1.4 Shakes. Shakes shall be attached to the battens with 2 nails for each shake placed $1^{1}/_{2}$ inch above the exposure line. The nails shall be ${}^{3}/_{4}$ to 1 inch from the shake edges.

R905.8.8 Application. Wood shakes shall be installed according to this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions. Wood shakes shall be laid with a side lap not less than $1^{1}/_{2}$ inches (38 mm) between joints in adjacent courses. Spacing between shakes in the same course shall be $1^{1}/_{8}$ inch (5.2 mm to 15.9 mm) for shakes and taper sawn shakes of naturally durable wood and shall be $1^{1}/_{4}$ inch to $3^{1}/_{8}$ inch (6.4 mm to 9.5 mm) for preservative taper sawn shakes. Weather exposure for wood shakes shall not exceed those set forth in Table R905.8.8.

TABLE R905.8.8 WOOD SHAKE WEATHER EXPOSURE AND ROOF SLOPE

	LENGTH		EXPOSURE (inches)
ROOFING MATERIAL	(inches)	GRADE	4:12 pitch or steeper
Shakes of naturally durable	18	No. 1	71/2
wood	24	No. 1	10 ^a
	18	No. 1	7 ¹ / ₂
Preservative-treated taper sawn shakes of Southern Yellow Pine	24	No. 1	10
	18	No. 2	51/2
	24	No. 2	71/2
	18	No. 1	71/2
Taper-sawn shakes of naturally durable wood	24	No. 1	10
	18	No. 2	51/2
	24	No. 2	7 ¹ / ₂

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

a. For 24-inch by $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch handsplit shakes, the maximum exposure is $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches.

R905.8.9 Label required. Each bundle of shakes shall be identified by a *label* of an *approved* grading or inspection bureau or agency.

R905.8.10 Flashing. At the juncture of the roof and vertical surfaces, flashing and counter flashing shall be provided in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions, and where of metal, shall not be less than 0.017-inch (0.48 mm) (No. 26 galvanized sheet gage) corrosion-resistant metal.

R905.8.10.1 Valley flashing. Valley flashing shall extend at least 11 inches (279 mm) from the centerline each way and have a splash diverter rib not less than 1 inch (25 mm) high at the flow line formed as part of the

flashing. Sections of flashing shall have an end lap of not less than 4 inches (102 mm). For roof slopes of four (4) units vertical in twelve (12) units horizontal (33-percent slope) and over, the valley flashing shall have a 36-inch-wide (914 mm) underlayment of one layer of ASTM D 226 Type I underlayment running the full length of the valley, in addition to other required underlayment per Table R903.2.1 Valley flashing and flashing metal shall be a minimum thickness as provided in Table R903.2.1 for nonferrous metal or stainless steel.

R905.9 Built-up roofs. The installation of built-up roofs shall comply with the provisions of this section.

R905.9.1 Slope. Built-up roofs shall have a design slope of a minimum of one-fourth unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (2-percent slope) for drainage, except for coal-tar built-up roofs, which shall have a design slope of a minimum oneeighth unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (1-percent slope).

R905.9.2 Material standards. Built-up roof covering materials shall comply with the standards in Table R905.9.2.

R905.9.2.1 Red rosin paper shall be used when the membrane is applied directly to a wood deck or cementitious fiber decks.

R905.9.3 Application. Built-up roofs shall be installed according to this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions.

R905.10 Metal roof panels. The installation of metal roof panels shall comply with the provisions of this section.

R905.10.1 Deck requirements. Metal roof panel roof coverings shall be applied to solid or spaced sheathing, except where the roof covering is specifically designed to be applied to spaced supports.

R905.10.2 Slope. Minimum slopes for metal roof panels shall comply with the following:

- 1. The minimum slope for lapped, nonsoldered-seam metal roofs without applied lap sealant shall be three units vertical in 12 units horizontal (25-percent slope).
- 2. The minimum slope for lapped, nonsoldered-seam metal roofs with applied lap sealant shall be one-half vertical unit in 12 units horizontal (4-percent slope). Lap sealants shall be applied in accordance with the approved manufacturer's installation instructions.
- 3. The minimum slope for standing-seam roof systems shall be one-quarter unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (2-percent slope).

R905.10.2.1 Underlayment shall be installed as per manufacturer's installation guidelines.

R905.10.3 Material standards. Metal-sheet roof covering systems that incorporate supporting structural members shall be designed in accordance with the *Florida Building* Code, Building. Metal-sheet roof coverings installed over structural decking shall comply with Table R 905.4.4. The materials used for metal-sheet roof coverings shall be naturally corrosion resistant or provided with corrosion resistance in accordance with the standards and minimum thicknesses shown in Table 905.4.4.

TABLE R905.9.2 BUILT-UP ROOFING MATERIAL STANDARDS			
MATERIAL STANDARD	STANDARD		
Acrylic coatings used in roofing	ASTM D 6083		
Aggregate surfacing	ASTM D 1863		
Asphalt adhesive used in roofing	ASTM D 3747		
Asphalt cements used in roofing	ASTM D 3019; D 2822; D 4586		
Asphalt-coated glass fiber base sheet	ASTM D 4601		
Asphalt coatings used in roofing	ASTM D 1227; D 2823; D 2824; D 4479		
Asphalt glass felt	ASTM D 2178		
Asphalt primer used in roofing	ASTM D 41		
Asphalt-saturated and asphalt-coated organic felt base sheet	ASTM D 2626		
Asphalt-saturated organic felt (perforated)	ASTM D 226		
Asphalt used in roofing	ASTM D 312		
Coal-tar cements used in roofing	ASTM D 4022; D 5643		
Coal-tar primer used in roofing, dampproofing and waterproofing	ASTM D 43		
Coal-tar saturated organic felt	ASTM D 227		
Coal-tar used in roofing	ASTM D 450, Types I or II		
Glass mat, coal tar	ASTM D 4990		
Glass mat, venting type	ASTM D 4897		
Mineral-surfaced inorganic cap sheet	ASTM D 3909		
Thermoplastic fabrics used in roofing	ASTM D 5665; D 5726		

Table R905.10.3(1) Metal Roof Coverings StandardsReserved.

Table R905.10.3(2)Minimum Corrosion Resistance.Reserved.

R905.10.4 Attachment. Metal roof panels shall be secured to the supports in accordance with this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions. Metal roofing fastened directly to steel framing shall be attached by approved fasteners. The following fasteners shall be used:

- 1. Galvanized fasteners shall be used for galvanized roofs.
- 2. Hard copper or copper alloy or 300 series stainless steel fasteners shall be used for copper roofs.
- 3. Stainless steel fasteners are acceptable for all types of metal roofs.
- 4. Aluminum-zinc coated fasteners are acceptable for aluminum-zinc coated roofs.

R905.10.5 Application. Metal roof panels shall be installed in accordance with this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions. The installation's instruction shall state the allowable uplift resistance for the attachment system. The installation of metal roof panels shall be limited to roofs where the allowable uplift resistance is equal to or greater than the design uplift pressure for the roof listed in Table R301.2(2).

R905.11 Modified bitumen roofing. The installation of modified bitumen roofing shall comply with the provisions of this section.

R905.11.1 Slope. Modified bitumen membrane roofs shall have a design slope of a minimum of one-fourth unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (2-percent slope) for drainage.

R905.11.2 Material standards. Modified bitumen roof coverings shall comply with the standards in Table R905.11.2.

TABLE R905.11.2		
MODIFIED BITUMEN ROOFING MATERIAL STANDARDS		

MATERIAL	STANDARD
Acrylic coating	ASTM D 6083
Asphalt adhesive	ASTM D 3747
Asphalt cement	ASTM D 3019
Asphalt coating	ASTM D 1227; D 2824
Asphalt primer	ASTM D 41
Modified bitumen roof membrane	ASTM D 6162; D 6163; D 6164; D 6222; D 6223; D 6298; D 6509 CGSB 37–GP–56M

R905.11.3 Application. Modified bitumen roofs shall be installed according to this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions. The approved allowable uplift

resistance for the modified bitumen roof shall be equal to or greater than the uplift resistance for the roof based on Table R301.2(2).

R905.12 Thermoset single-ply roofing. The installation of thermoset single-ply roofing shall comply with the provisions of this section.

R905.12.1 Slope. Thermoset single-ply membrane roofs shall have a design slope of a minimum of one-fourth unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (2-percent slope) for drainage.

R905.12.2 Material standards. Thermoset single-ply roof coverings shall comply with ASTM D 4637, ASTM D 5019 or CGSB 37-GP-52M.

R905.12.3 Application. Thermoset single-ply roofs shall be installed according to this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions. The approved allowable uplift resistance for the thermoset single-ply membrane roof shall be equal to or greater than the uplift resistance for the roof based on Table R301.2(2).

R905.13 Thermoplastic single-ply roofing. The installation of thermoplastic single-ply roofing shall comply with the provisions of this section.

R905.13.1 Slope. Thermoplastic single-ply membrane roofs shall have a design slope of a minimum of one-fourth unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (2-percent slope).

R905.13.2 Material standards. Thermoplastic single-ply roof coverings shall comply with ASTM D 4434, ASTM D 6754, ASTM D 6878, or CGSB CAN/CGSB 37.54.

R905.13.3 Application. Thermoplastic single-ply roofs shall be installed according to this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions. The approved allowable uplift resistance for the thermoplastic single-ply roof shall be equal to or greater than the uplift resistance for the roof based on Table R301.2(2).

R905.14 Sprayed polyurethane foam roofing. The installation of sprayed polyurethane foam roofing shall comply with the provisions of this section.

R905.14.1 Slope. Sprayed polyurethane foam roofs shall have a design slope of a minimum of one-fourth unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (2-percent slope) for drainage.

R905.14.2 Material standards. Spray-applied polyurethane foam insulation shall comply with ASTM C 1029, Type III or IV.

R905.14.3 Application. Foamed-in-place roof insulation shall be installed in accordance with this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions. A liquid-applied protective coating that complies with Section R905.15 shall be applied no less– than 2 hours nor more than 72 hours following the application of the foam. The approved allowable

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uplift resistance for the sprayed polyurethane foam roofing shall be equal to or greater than the uplift resistance for the roof based on Table R301.2(2).

R905.14.4 Foam plastics. Foam plastic materials and installation shall comply with Section R316.

R905.15 Liquid-applied coatings. The installation of liquidapplied coatings shall comply with the provisions of this section.

R905.15.1 Slope. Liquid-applied roofs shall have a design slope of a minimum of one-fourth unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (2-percent slope).

R905.15.2 Material standards. Liquid-applied roof coatings shall comply with ASTM C 836, C 957, D 1227, D 3468, D 6083, D 6694 or D 6947.

R905.15.3 Application. Liquid-applied roof coatings shall be installed according to this chapter and the manufacturer's installation instructions. The approved allowable uplift resistance for the liquid-applied coatings shall be equal to or greater than the uplift resistance for the roof based on Table R301.2(2).

R905.16 Building integrated photovoltaic roofing modules/shingles. The installation of building integrated photovoltaic roofing modules/shingles shall comply with the provisions of this section.

R905.16.1 Material standards. Building integrated photovoltaic roofing modules/shingles shall be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 1703.

R905.16.2 Attachment. Building integrated photovoltaic roofing modules/shingles shall be attached in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

R905.16.3 Wind resistance. Building integrated photovoltaic roofing modules/shingles shall be tested in accordance with procedures and acceptance criteria in ASTM D 3161 or TAS 107. Building integrated photovoltaic roofing modules/shingles shall comply with the classification requirements of Table R905.2.6.1 for the appropriate maximum basic wind speed. Building integrated photovoltaic roofing modules/shingle packaging shall bear a label to indicate compliance with the procedures in ASTM D 3161 or TAS 107 and the required classification from Table R905.2.6.1.

SECTION R906 ROOF INSULATION

R906.1 General. The use of above-deck thermal insulation shall be permitted provided such insulation is covered with an *approved* roof covering and passes FM 4450 or UL 1256.

R906.2 Material standards. Above-deck thermal insulation board shall comply with the standards in Table R906.2.

TABLE R906.2		
MATERIAL STANDARDS	FOR ROOF INSULATION	

Cellular glass board	ASTM C 552
Composite boards	ASTM C 1289, Type III, IV, V or VI
Expanded polystyrene	ASTM C 578
Extruded polystyrene board	ASTM C 578
Perlite board	ASTM C 728
Polyisocyanurate board	ASTM C 1289, Type I or Type II
Wood fiberboard	ASTM C 208

SECTION R907 REROOFING

R907.1 General. Reroofing shall be done in accordance with the *Florida Existing Building Code*.

R907.2 Structural and construction loads. Reserved.

R907.3 Recovering versus replacement. Reserved.

R907.4 Roof recovering. Reserved.

R907.5 Reinstallation of materials. Reserved.

R907.6 Flashings. Reserved.